

July 24, 2019

Member Secretary, Goa State Pollution Control Board, Nr. Pilerne Industrial Estate, Opp. Saligao Seminary, Saligao-Bardez, Goa 403511

Dear Sir,

#### Subject: Environmental Statement for the year 2018-19

Please find enclosed herewith the "Environmental Statement" for the year 2018-19 in Form – V in compliance with Rule-14 of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986.

Hope the information provided meets your requirement.

Thanking you,

Yours truly,

For Zuari Agro Chemicals Ltd.

N.G Dessai

**Chief General Manger-Operations** 

Enclosed: as above

#### **ZUARI AGRO CHEMICALS LIMITED**

CIN No.: L65910GA2009PLC006177

Registered Office: Jaikisaan Bhawan, Zuarinagar, Goa - 403 726, India.

Tel: +0832 2592180, 2592181, 6752399

www.zuari.in

#### ZUARI AGRO CHEMICALS LTD, ZUARINAGAR, GOA

#### FORM - V

#### Environmental Statement for the financial year ending 31st March, 2019

#### PART - A

# (i) Name and Address of the Owner / Occupier of the Industry, Operation or Process

Mr. Sunil Sethy
Managing Director
Zuari Agro Chemicals Ltd.
(Fertilizer Division)
Jaikisaan Bhawan
Zuarinagar – 403 726
Goa

#### (ii) <u>Industry Category</u> ---- Primary – (STC Code) / Secondary – (SIC Code)

Chemical Fertilizer Industry (Nitrogenous and Complex Grades)

#### (ii) Production Capacity - Units

Sr. No.	Product	Installed Production Capacity MT/ Year	Actual Production for 2018-19, MT
1	Ammonia *	346500	265286
2	Urea	495000	408849
3	Complex Grades in NPK-A plant	500000	363720.13
4	Complex Grades in NPK-B plant	500000	373574.85
5	Carbon Dioxide**	34400	Nil

<sup>(\*</sup> Intermediate Product used for captive consumption) (\*\*By-Product)

#### (iv) Year of Establishment

1967 (Actual commercial production started in 1973)

#### (v) Date of the last Environmental Statement submitted

September 03, 2018

### PART - B

#### Water and Raw Material Consumption

(i)	Water Consumption	M <sup>3</sup> / Day	(Based on typical water balance)
			at Avg. plant loads)
	Process	3470 *	P
	Cooling	5630	
	Domestic	470	
	Total	9570 **	k

Industry Effluent generated – Nil (Zero Liquid Discharge)

(\* includes Boiler feed water make up, Treated water etc.)

(\*\*excludes Avg. colony water supply of about 400 M³ / Day)

Name of Products	Process water consumption per unit of product output		
	During the previous financial year 2017-18	During the current financial year 2018-19	
Urea	7.145 M <sup>3</sup> / MT	7.34 M <sup>3</sup> / MT	
Complex Grades in	0.2887 M <sup>3</sup> / MT	0.3522 M <sup>3</sup> / MT	
NPK-A plant	ľ		
Complex Grades in	0.4123 M <sup>3</sup> / MT	0.3651 M <sup>3</sup> / MT	
NPK-B plant		*	

<sup>(\*</sup> Process water consumption requirement of NPK-A and NPK-B plants is met by recycling the effluent/ waste water from Effluent Treatment Plant)

#### (i) Raw Material Consumption

Name of Raw Material *	Name of Products	Consumption of Raw Material per unit of Output (MT/MT)	
		During the previous financial year 2017-18	During the current financial year 2018-19
Natural Gas	Ammonia (Intermediate product for captive consumption)	0.421	0.405
Ammonia	T.T.	0.58	0.58
CO <sub>2</sub>	Urea	0.758	0.760

Name of Raw Material *	Name of Products	Consumption of Raw Material per unit of Output (MT/MT)	
		During the previous financial year 2017-18	During the current financial year 2018-19
Ammonia	18:46:00 grade	0.2120	0.2076
P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	(Samrat)	0.4715	0.4612
H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>		0.0353	0.0438
Filler		0.0445	0.0418
Urea		0.0153	0.0233
Ammonia	10:26:26 grade	0.1249	0.1243
P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	(Samarth)	0.2729	0.2677
Potash		0.4500	0.4378
H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>		0.0043	0.0054
Filler		0.0530	0.0568
Ammonia	12:32:16 grade	0.1466	0.1469
P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	(Sampatti)	0.3245	0.3260
Potash		0.2790	0.2716
H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>		0.0066	0.0116
Filler		0.0620	0.0573
Ammonia	19:19:19 grade	0.0834	0.0827
P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	(Sampoorna)	0.1959	0.1962
Potash		0.3340	0.3239
H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>		0.0162	0.0113
Filler		0.0309	0.0193
Urea		0.2732	0.2824
Ammonia	14:35:14 grade	Nil	0.1753
$P_2O_5$	(Saubhagya)		0.3555
Potash			0.2361
$H_2SO_4$			0.0463
Filler			0.0257

<sup>(\*</sup> Industry may use codes if disclosing the details of raw materials would violate contractual obligations, otherwise all industries have to name the raw materials used)

PART – C

Pollution discharged to Environment / Unit of Output
(Parameters as specified in the consent issued)

	Pollutants	Quantity of pollutants discharged ( mass / day ) Kg / Hr *	Concentration of pollutants in discharge (mass / vol. ) mg / Nm3 *	Percentage of variation from prescribed standards with reasons
	(a) Water	NIL	NIL	N.A
	(b) Air			
i)	Particulate Matter from Prilling Tower – Urea plant		89.90	Less by 40.06%
ii)	Particulate Matter from Dust Separator – Urea plant	222	47.48	Less by 68.34%
iii)	Ammonia from Fumes Stack – NPK-A plant	1.10		Less by 89%
iv)	Particulate Matter from Dryer Stack – NPK-A plant		55.57	Less by 62.95%
v)	Particulate Matter from Dedusting Stack – NPK-A plant		55.81	Less by 62.79%
vi)	Ammonia from NPK-B Stack	4.59		Less by 54.1%
vii)	Particulate Matter from NPK-B Stack	ene.	37.46	Less by 75.02%
viii	SO <sub>2</sub> from Boiler Stack	1.66		NA
ix)	Particulate Matter from Boiler Stack		41.57	NA
x)	SO <sub>2</sub> from DG Set stack	3.7		Less by 96.49%
,	Particulate Matter from DG Stack		38.47	Less by 74.35%
	NOx from DG Stack		120.34 ppmv	Less by 89.06%
	NMHC from DG Stack		8.11	Less by 94.59%
xiv]	CO from DG Stack		27.4	Less by 81.73%

<sup>(\*</sup> Annual average values expressed at 25 deg. Centigrade, Atm. Pr. & 0 % moisture)

PART – D

<u>Hazardous Waste</u>
[As specified under Hazardous Waste & Other Wastes (Mgt. & Transboudary Movement) Rules, 2016]

Hazardous Waste	Total Quantity	
	During the previous financial year 2017-18	During the current financial year 2018-19
(a) From Process		
(i) Used / Spent Oil under H.W.	29.39 MT	32.155 MT
Category No.5.1		
(ii) Spent Catalyst under H.W.Category No.18.1	5.015 MT	149.438 MT
(iii) Furnace Oil Tank cleaning sludge under	31.59 MT	53.7 MT
H.W.Category No.3.1		
(iv)Wastes or Residue containing oil		0.09 MT
H.W. Category No. 5.2		
(b) From pollution control facilities	41 MT	42 MT
(i) ETP sludge under H.W Category No.34.3	71 1/11	72 1111
(c)(i) Quantity recycled / reused within Unit	41 MT ETP Sludge	42 MT ETP Sludge
(ii) to authorized recycler (Used/Spent Oil)	29.39 MT	32.155 MT
(iii) to authorized recycler (Spent Catalyst)	5.015 MT	114.735 MT
(iv) to authorized recycler ( Furnace oil Tank	31.59 MT	38.610 MT
cleaning residue)		
(iv) to authorized recycler ( Wastes or	4504.	0.09 MT
Residue containing oil)		

### PART – E

### **Solid Wastes**

Solid Waste from Process	Total Quantity	
	During the previous financial year 2017-18	During the current financial year 2018-19
(a) From Process		ri .
(i) DM plant resin material	NIL	Approx. 4 M <sup>3</sup>
(ii) Sand from filters	Approx. 10 M <sup>3</sup>	Approx. 9 M <sup>3</sup>
(iii) Activated carbon from filters	NIL	Approx. 5 M <sup>3</sup>
(b) From pollution control facilities		
(i) STP Sludge	Approx. 2 M3	Approx. 2 M <sup>3</sup>
(c) (i) Quantity recycled / re-	Approx.12 M3 (Sand and	Approx. 20 M <sup>3</sup> (Sand, Resin
utilized within unit	STP sludge)	material, Activated
		Carbon and STP sludge)
(ii) Quantity Sold	NIL	NIL
(iii) Disposed	NIL	NIL

PART - F

<u>Please specify the characterizations (in terms of composition and quantum) of Hazardous as well as Solid Wastes and indicate the disposal practice adopted for both these categories of wastes</u>

Waste	Composition	Disposal Practice adopted			
Hazardous Waste					
Used / Spent Oil	Used Oil	Sold to recycler registered with CPCB and having valid authorization of SPCB			
Furnace Oil Tank sludge & cleaning residue	Oil sludge & cleaning residue	Sold to recycler registered with CPCB and having valid authorization of SPCB			
Spent Catalyst	Spent catalyst containing metals/oxides like Ni, Cu, Zn, Fe, Co, Mo etc.in different composition	Sold to recycler registered with CPCB and having valid authorization of SPCB			
ETP Sludge	Amm./Urea nitrogen, Phosphate, Sulphate, KCl, Salts of Na, Ca, Mg & Suspended solids	Recovered into process as recycle along with filler material in NPK-A and NPK-B plants			
Wastes or Residues containing oil	Cotton gloves/cloth/rags containing oil	Vendors or recyclers registered with CPCB and having valid authorization of SPCB.			
Solid Waste from Pro	ocess				
DM plant resin material	Water insoluble co-polymers	Used along with backfilling material for structure / building foundation, road construction etc.			
Sand from filters		Used along with backfilling material for structure / building foundation, road construction etc.			
Activated carbon from filters	Carbon material	Used along with backfilling material for structure / building foundation, road construction etc.			
STP Sludge	Organic matter	Used as Bio-fertilizer for green belt.			

#### PART - G

# Impact of pollution abatement measures taken on conservation of natural resources and on cost of production

Pollution control measures are an integral part of our processes and every effort is made to reduce the amount of effluent/emission and waste generation in the manufacturing process & associated activities. This has resulted in reduction of consumption of water, raw materials and energy over a period of time. This has also resulted in reduction of effluent/emission generation at source itself and in re-use/recycling/recovery of nutrients from the effluent/wastes. In April 2014 with the new agreement of water supply with Water Resources Department, Goa we have totally stopped utilizing the borewells water. Ultimately all these measures have certainly added to the conservation of natural resources and cost savings. However, the exact impact of this on cost of production is difficult to quantify and thus is intangible.

#### PART - H

## Additional measures / Investment proposal for Environmental Protection including abatement of pollution, prevention of pollution

- (i) Several Energy savings measures implemented over last few years have reduced the specific energy consumption of Urea which has reduced Fuel consumption in our Utility Boilers and hence reduced the emissions. Every year some energy saving measures are implemented.
- (ii) The Reverse Osmosis unit in our ETP provides enhanced treatment and recovery/recycle of treated water from the wastewater/effluent.
- (iii) The debottlenecking project for enhanced capacity of NPK plant-A and NPK plant-B along with product mix change is completed. The revamped Scrubbing Systems in the NPK-A and NPK-B Plants have been very effective such that the Ammonia emissions are well below the prescribed emission norms.
- (iv) Rain water harvesting for storage in the form of captive lake of 235 MG capacity already exists. In April 2014, with the new agreement of water supply with Water Resources Department, Goa, we have totally stopped utilizing the bore wells water.
- (v) During its operation for last four decades, Zuari Agro Chemicals Ltd. has already undertaken many eco-development measures like afforestation, creation and maintenance of green belt around the factory premises etc.
- (vi) The Company has also undertaken community welfare measures like providing land for sulabh toilets for general public in the neighborhood, development and

maintenance of Children's Park at Municipal garden in Vasco city, maintenance of bus stop shelters at various locations all over Goa state, maintenance of public gardens in Vasco city, beautification of highway road divider, cultivation of Barren Land, awarding scholarships, Set up Skill Development Centre in trades like Electrician,—conducting health camps like malaria awareness, supply of safe drinking water, Installation of Waste bins in Govt. Primary School, distribution of free saplings as a part of tree plantation drive etc. as part of Corporate Social Responsibility Schemes.

- (vii) Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Station is present that continuously monitors PM10, PM2.5, NH3, SO2 and NO2. The station also provides weather data.
- (viii) The Company continues to maintain the Zero Liquid Discharge status. The final effluent discharge pipeline is being continuously monitored by means of provisions of a camera and a flow meter. The Monitoring is done on a "Real Time" basis as these are hooked up to the CPCB and GSPCB server/system.
- (ix) We have also installed and commissioned continuous stack emission monitoring station for Ammonia Reformer stack in May 2015 for monitoring NOx. Online DG stack monitoring for Particulate Matter commissioned. NPK-A Fume stack and NPK-B stack online monitoring of Ammonia parameter has been commissioned. The data from Reformer stack, DG stack, NPK-A Fume stack, NPK-B stack has been linked to the GSPCB and CPCB server.

#### PART – I

### Any other particulars for improving the quality of Environment

- (i) Regular monitoring of process stack emissions once in three months and regular monitoring of ambient air quality around the complex at four strategic CPCB identified locations twice a week by an accredited MoEF&CC recognized laboratory is being carried out. The results of stacks as well as ambient air quality monitoring are well within the standards prescribed by CPCB/SPCB. The monitored results are also displayed on electronic display boards located in public domain. The summaries of results are also sent to the office of RO-MoEF&CC and ZO-CPCB at Bangalore.
- (ii) Work zone environment monitoring for ammonia and noise at various locations inside the factory premises and the ambient noise level at different locations around factory premises is carried out. The results of monitoring conform to the limits prescribed.
- (iii) All the wastewater generated within the factory premises is given primary/secondary treatment and then recycled to NPK-A and NPK-B plants for process use or to cooling towers as part make up water. The domestic effluent is treated in Sewage Treatment

- Plant and the treated domestic effluent is totally recycled to cooling towers as make up. Zuari Agro Chemicals Ltd. continues to maintain Zero Liquid Discharge status.
- (iv) Every effort is made to reduce the generation of effluent/emission/wastes at the source itself and to explore the possibility of reusing/recycling of the wastes that are generated.
- (v) Hazardous Wastes like used/spent oil, furnace oil tank sludge/cleaning residue and spent catalysts that are generated are stored separately and sold to only those Vendors registered with CPCB as Recyclers and having Consents/Authorization from State Pollution Control Boards.
- (vi) We are disposing off our e-waste to the authorized recycler in compliance with The E-waste (Management) Rules, 2016.
- (vii) Bio-Medical Waste disposed off as per the Bio-Medical Waste Authorization obtained from GSPCB.
- (viii) Other solid materials like product spillages, off specification products, ETP sludge are recycled back to process directly or along with the filler material in NPK-A and NPK-B plants.
- (ix) Efficient and effective management of cooling water quality control program for operating the cooling towers at higher cycles of concentration to reduce the generation of cooling tower blow-down effluent.
- (x) Effluent storage ponds like acidic/alkali effluent ponds at Water Treatment Plant, Settling ponds/Holding pond/Guard pond at Effluent Treatment Plant are regularly cleaned, inspected, repaired if required and suitable internal lining measures have been adopted to make the ponds seepage proof.
- (xi) Natural Gas/Ammonia/Chlorine sensors are installed at strategic locations inside the plant premises for early detection of any leak and corrective measures. These sensors are regularly checked for proper functioning.
- (xii) Regular generation of meteorological data like wind speed, wind direction, temperatures and wind rose diagrams by maintaining thermo-hydrograph and data logger.
- (xiii) As is the practice every year, tree plantation drive (Van Mahotsav) is carried out during monsoon. More area around the factory complex is being developed as green belt and saplings of various plants are distributed to the neighboring villagers free of cost.
- (xiv) Health, Sanitation, and Livelihood Program (SAHYOG) in partnership with NGO "Margdarshak" have carried out several training programs including workshops on sanitation hygiene and health with school children in Zuarinagar, Zari and Velsao.

- (xv) Development and maintenance of approx. 50% of area around the factory complex as greenbelt to mitigate the effect of fugitive emissions and noise as per CPCB guidelines.
- (xvi) Zuari is in operation for over four decades. A full-fledged laboratory with necessary facilities is created for carrying out analysis and monitoring. Stack emission and ambient air quality monitoring is carried out by MoEF recognized external laboratory as stipulated by GSPCB. A person of General Manager level is dedicated to be incharge of overall environmental management functions and he is ably assisted by a dedicated team. Besides, environment management is also one of the mainstream functions of all the section heads who contribute in their own way.
- (xvii) Various activities such as cleanliness drives, Quiz competitions, etc. were held during World Environment Week to promote awareness and impart knowledge on various environmental issues.
- (xviii) Training on Environment Management Systems are regularly provided to employees and contract workers.
- (xix) Zuari Agro Chemicals Limited is certified for excellence in "PROTECT & SUSTAIN" stewardship by International Fertilizer Industry Association (IFA).
- (xx) The Company continues its environment, health and safety initiatives and has successfully implemented internationally recognized Standards and is an ISO 14001:2015 & ISO 45001:2018 certified organization since June 2019. The Certification process was carried out by TUV Nord.